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Theory of Longitudinal Beam Halo in RF Linacs: 2. Effects of Nonlinear RF Focusing STEVEN M. LUND, JOHN J. BARNARD, *Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory*¹ — Longitudinal rf focusing about the synchronous particle is intrinsically nonlinear due to the sinusoidal variation of the synchronous rf wave. For beam bunches with a significant axial phase width this sinusoidal variation of the rf field can strongly influence halo structures in the longitudinal phase space of the beam. Here we employ the core/test particle model described by the authors² to investigate this effect for a beam bunch with uniformly distributed space charge within an ellipsoidal envelope. We characterize nonlinear rf modifications to halo structures described in reference 1 that are produced by a resonant interaction between the longitudinal particle oscillations and a mismatch oscillation in the beam envelope. Bifurcations in the primary resonant structure are explained in terms of the falloff in the longitudinal particle oscillation frequency with increasing particle amplitude. The possibility of particle loss from the synchronous rf bucket induced by these halo structures is explored.

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²J.J. Barnard and S.M. Lund, "Theory of Longitudinal Beam Halo in RF Linacs: 1. Effects of Transverse/Longitudinal Coupling," these proceedings.

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Prefer Oral Session
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John Barnard
jjbarnard@llnl.gov
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory

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